The following is a non-exhaustive list of key readings in corrections as compiled by faculty and students of Arizona State University’s Center for Correctional Solutions. Google Scholar citations are provided as a broad measure of impact. Please send all comments, questions, edits, and additions to ccs@asu.edu (Please send additions in the format used here, with suggested topic category and Google Scholar citation count).

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**History**


**General Overview**


**Deterrence**


**Incapacitation**


**Rehabilitation**


**Restorative Justice**


**Prediction/Risk Assessment/Classification**


Viglione, J. (In Press). The risk-needs-responsivity model: How do probation officers implement the principles of effective intervention? *Criminal Justice and Behavior*. (Citations = 0)


**Living in Correctional Facilities**


**Working in Corrections**


**Prison Privatization**


**Administrative Segregation**


**Misconduct**


Steiner, B., & Cain, C.M. (2017). The effect of removing sentencing credits on inmate misbehavior. *Journal of Quantitative Criminology*. (Citations = 0)


**Prison Gangs**


>Youth


*Women*


*Race/Ethnicity*


### Substance Abuse


**Mental Health**


**Sex Offenders**


**LWOP/Death Penalty**


Community Corrections


Kimchi, A. (In Press). Investigating the assignment of probation conditions: Heterogeneity and the role of race and ethnicity. *Journal of Quantitative Criminology*. (Citations = 0)


**Re-Entry/Reintegration**


Travis, J. (2002). *But they all come back: Facing the challenges of prisoner reentry*. Washington, DC: Urban Institute Press. (Citations = 1,148)


**Recidivism**


Davis, L.M. et al. (2014). *How effective is correctional education, and where do we go from here? The results of a comprehensive evaluation*. RAND Corporation. (Citations = 70)


Wright, K.A., & Cesar, G T (2013). Toward a more complete model of offender reintegration: Linking the individual-, community-, and system-level components of recidivism. *Victims and Offenders, 8,* 373-398. (Citations = 30)


Desistance


Bersani, B.E., & Doherty, E.E. (2013). When the ties that bind unwind: Examining the enduring and situational processes of change behind the marriage effect. Criminology, 51, 399-433. (Citations = 64)


Bowman, J.H., & Mowen, T.J. (2018). The role of turning points in establishing baseline differences between people in development and life-course criminology. Criminology, 56, 191-224. (Citations = 2)


Collateral Consequences


Chiricos, T., Barrick, K., Bales, W., & Bontrager, S. (2007). The labeling of convicted felons and its consequences for recidivism. Criminology, 45, 547-581. (Citations = 223)


**Modern Correctional Policy**


King, R.D. (In Press). Cumulative impact: Why prison sentences have increased. *Criminology* (Citations = 0)


